

**Refinement**
 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.047$ 
 $wR(F^2) = 0.127$ 
 $S = 1.11$ 

1854 reflections

58 parameters

 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 6.71 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$ 
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -3.53 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$ 

## Hydrothermally synthesized $\alpha$ -Ba<sub>2</sub>P<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub>

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 Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study;  $T = 298$  K; mean  $\sigma(\text{P}-\text{O}) = 0.005 \text{ \AA}$ ;  $R$  factor = 0.047;  $wR$  factor = 0.127; data-to-parameter ratio = 32.0.

Single crystals of  $\alpha$ -Ba<sub>2</sub>P<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub>, dibaum diphosphate, were obtained under hydrothermal conditions. The structure belongs to the diphosphate A<sub>2</sub>P<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub> series with  $A$  being an alkaline earth cation.  $\alpha$ -Ba<sub>2</sub>P<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub> crystallizes isotropically with  $\alpha$ -Sr<sub>2</sub>P<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub>. All atomic sites have site symmetry  $m$  with the exception of two O atoms which reside on general positions. Both Ba<sup>2+</sup> cations are coordinated by nine terminal O atoms from eclipsed diphosphate P<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub> anions to form a three-dimensional network throughout the structure.

### Related literature

For general background, see: Brown & Calvo (1970); ElBelghitti *et al.* (1995); Mehdi *et al.* (1977); Mohri (2000). For the uses of alkaline earth diphosphates, see: McKeag & Steward (1955); Ranby *et al.* (1955); Ropp & Mooney (1960); Srivastava *et al.* (2003). For structurally related compounds, see: Calvo (1968); Barbier & Echard (1998). For an independent refinement of the  $\alpha$ -Ba<sub>2</sub>P<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub> structure based on data from a crystal grown by solid-state reactions, see: Zakaria *et al.* (2010).

### Experimental

#### Crystal data

Ba <sub>2</sub> P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>7</sub>	$V = 718.7 (3) \text{ \AA}^3$
$M_w = 448.62$	$Z = 4$
Orthorhombic, $Pnma$	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
$a = 9.2842 (19) \text{ \AA}$	$\mu = 11.32 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
$b = 5.6113 (11) \text{ \AA}$	$T = 298 \text{ K}$
$c = 13.796 (3) \text{ \AA}$	$0.45 \times 0.15 \times 0.15 \text{ mm}$

#### Data collection

Rigaku AFC-8S Mercury CCD diffractometer	7205 measured reflections
Absorption correction: multi-scan ( <i>REQAB</i> ; Jacobson, 1998)	1854 independent reflections
$T_{\min} = 0.080$ , $T_{\max} = 0.281$	1510 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.042$

**Table 1**  
Selected geometric parameters ( $\text{\AA}$ ,  $^\circ$ ).

Ba1—O5 <sup>i</sup>	2.564 (6)	Ba2—O5 <sup>vii</sup>	3.084 (3)
Ba1—O1 <sup>ii</sup>	2.730 (4)	P1—O1	1.514 (5)
Ba1—O4 <sup>iii</sup>	2.799 (4)	P1—O1 <sup>viii</sup>	1.514 (5)
Ba1—O1	2.903 (4)	P1—O2	1.519 (6)
Ba1—O2 <sup>iv</sup>	2.9272 (18)	P1—O3	1.588 (6)
Ba2—O1 <sup>iv</sup>	2.765 (4)	P2—O4	1.515 (4)
Ba2—O4 <sup>ii</sup>	2.767 (4)	P2—O4 <sup>viii</sup>	1.515 (4)
Ba2—O2 <sup>v</sup>	2.800 (5)	P2—O5	1.519 (6)
Ba2—O4 <sup>vi</sup>	2.836 (4)	P2—O3	1.598 (5)

P1—O3—P2      134.7 (4)

 Symmetry codes: (i)  $x - 1, y, z$ ; (ii)  $-x + 2, y + \frac{1}{2}, -z + 1$ ; (iii)  $x - \frac{1}{2}, y, -z + \frac{1}{2}$ ; (iv)  $-x + 2, -y, -z + 1$ ; (v)  $x - \frac{1}{2}, y, -z + \frac{3}{2}$ ; (vi)  $-x + \frac{1}{2}, y + \frac{1}{2}, z + \frac{1}{2}$ ; (vii)  $-x + \frac{5}{2}, -y, z + \frac{1}{2}$ ; (viii)  $x, -y + \frac{1}{2}, z$ .

Data collection: *CrystalClear* (Rigaku/MSC, 2001); cell refinement: *CrystalClear*; data reduction: *CrystalClear*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXTL*; molecular graphics: *DIAMOND* (Brandenburg, 1999); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL*.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: WM2406).

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## **supplementary materials**

**Hydrothermally synthesized  $\alpha$ -Ba<sub>2</sub>P<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub>****C. Heyward, M. Mann and J. Kolis****Comment**

Traditionally, alkaline earth diphosphates (or pyrophosphates) have been of interest as phosphor matrices in fluorescent lamps, among other applications (McKeag & Steward, 1955; Ranby *et al.*, 1955; Ropp & Mooney, 1960). More recently, research is focused on using these phosphor materials for multi-colored white LED devices (Srivastava *et al.*, 2003) to eliminate the use of mercury in fluorescent lamps. The activators ranged from metals such as manganese and tin to rare-earth elements like europium.

In the diphosphate  $A_2P_2O_7$  series ( $A$  = alkaline earth metal), when the ionic radius of  $A$  is greater than 0.97 Å, the structure is of the dichromate type and the P<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub> anion is in the eclipsed conformation as shown in Fig. 1 (Brown & Calvo, 1970). These structures include  $\alpha$ -Ca<sub>2</sub>P<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub> which crystallizes in the monoclinic space group  $P2_1/n$  (Calvo, 1968) and  $\alpha$ -Sr<sub>2</sub>P<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub> in the orthorhombic space group  $Pnma$  (Barbier & Echard, 1998). In the case of barium, a hexagonal high-temperature form  $\sigma$  and an orthorhombic low-temperature form  $\alpha$  are known to exist (ElBelghitti *et al.*, 1995). The structure of  $\sigma$ -Ba<sub>2</sub>P<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub> has been previously characterized from single crystal data in space group  $P\bar{6}2m$  and reported to have a very different structure from other known alkaline earth  $A_2P_2O_7$  diphosphates (ElBelghitti *et al.*, 1995). The more stable and common form  $\alpha$ -Ba<sub>2</sub>P<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub> has been characterized by X-ray powder diffraction (Mehdi *et al.*, 1977), but there has been no previous report of the crystal structure determined from single-crystal data therefore, it is presented here. The cell parameters from our single-crystal data are in agreement with those of the previous powder diffraction study. The  $\alpha$  nomenclature has been used for the orthorhombic Ba<sub>2</sub>P<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub> structure in previous reports (Mehdi *et al.*, 1977; Ranby *et al.*, 1955), consistent with being isostructural with  $\alpha$ -Sr<sub>2</sub>P<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub> (Barbier & Echard, 1998).

The  $\alpha$ -Ba<sub>2</sub>P<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub> structure contains two unique Ba atoms each surrounded by nine terminal oxygen atoms from diphosphate groups. The Ba1—O bond lengths range from 2.564 (6) - 2.9272 (18) Å and Ba2—O range from 2.765 (4) - 3.084 (3) Å. The Ba2 atoms connect to O4 along the  $a$ -axis to give a layered pattern. Ba1 atoms lie in between the layers and connect to O1 along the  $c$  axis resembling a ladder housing two eclipsed P<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub> groups in each section. Additional criss-cross action takes place with Ba1 connected to a terminal O5 atom and Ba2 connected to a terminal O2 atom of the diphosphate anion (Fig. 1). As mentioned before,  $\alpha$ -Ba<sub>2</sub>P<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub> is isostructural with  $\alpha$ -Sr<sub>2</sub>P<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub>, whereas the  $\alpha$ -Ca<sub>2</sub>P<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub> structure differs slightly. In this structure, the eight-coordinate Ca<sup>2+</sup> cation is edge-sharing three O atoms and corner-sharing two O atoms with the P<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub> groups (Calvo, 1968). In the  $\alpha$ -Ba<sub>2</sub>P<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub> and  $\alpha$ -Sr<sub>2</sub>P<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub> structures, the nine-coordinate cations are edge-sharing four O atoms and corner-sharing one oxygen with the P<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub> groups (Barbier & Echard, 1998). The diphosphate group consists of two tetrahedral PO<sub>4</sub> groups sharing O3 to form the P<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub> moiety (Fig. 2). A typical P—O bond length for the tetrahedral PO<sub>4</sub> group is reported as 1.538 Å (Mohri, 2000) and the average terminal P—O bond distance in the title structure is 1.516 Å which is comparable to the average of 1.521 Å observed in both  $\alpha$ -Sr<sub>2</sub>P<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub> (Barbier & Echard, 1998) and  $\alpha$ -Ca<sub>2</sub>P<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub> (Calvo, 1968). In diphosphate groups, the bridging P—O bonds are characteristically longer. In the titled structure, the bridging P1—O3 and P2—O3 bonds are 1.588 (6) Å and 1.598 (5) Å which is in comparison to 1.579 (8) and 1.616 (8) Å reported for  $\alpha$ -Ca<sub>2</sub>P<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub> (Calvo, 1968) and 1.599 (2) and 1.615 (2) Å observed in  $\alpha$ -Sr<sub>2</sub>P<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub> (Barbier & Echard, 1998).

## supplementary materials

The bridging O3 atom has longer bonds to P1 and P2. The P1—O3—P2 angle of 134.7 (4) $^{\circ}$  is wider than 130 (4) $^{\circ}$  reported for both  $\alpha$ -Sr<sub>2</sub>P<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub> (Barbier & Echard, 1998) and  $\alpha$ -Ca<sub>2</sub>P<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub> (Calvo, 1968) to help reduce structural strain resulting from the larger Ba<sup>2+</sup> cation.

An independent refinement of the  $\alpha$ -Ba<sub>2</sub>P<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub> structure based on data from a crystal grown by solid state reactions has been reported by Zakaria *et al.* (2010). The results of both refinements in terms of geometric parameters are the same within the threefold standard deviation.

### Experimental

The crystals were synthesized by combining 0.17 g of BaHPO<sub>4</sub> and 0.05 g of NH<sub>4</sub>H<sub>2</sub>PO<sub>4</sub> with 0.4 mL of 1M Ba(OH)<sub>2</sub> solution in a sealed silver ampoule for 7–10 days at 773 K with a counter pressure of 19000 psi (131 MPa). The contents of the ampoule were washed with deionized water. Colorless needle shaped single crystals of  $\alpha$ -Ba<sub>2</sub>P<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub> were the minor product and colorless polyhedrally shaped crystals of BaHPO<sub>4</sub> were the major product.

### Refinement

Despite multiple data collections to high 2 $\theta$  angles, the bridging oxygen atom O3 of the diphosphate group always appeared as non-positive definite when refined anisotropically. Therefore, we have refined this atom isotropically. The highest remaining peak is located 0.37 Å away from O3 and the deepest hole is 0.58 Å away from Ba1. The large density arises from O3 being defined as isotropically. The xyz coordinates for Q1 are 1.34 0.25 0.41 and for Q2 are 1.43 0.25 0.42 which are close to O3 at 1.38 0.25 0.42. The Q peaks are 0.37 and 0.54 Å away from O3 instead of the heavier atom Ba.

### Figures



Fig. 1. A view of the  $\alpha$ -Ba<sub>2</sub>P<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub> structure along the *b* axis. Some Ba—O bonds are omitted for clarity. The purple polyhedra represent the diphosphate P<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub> groups.

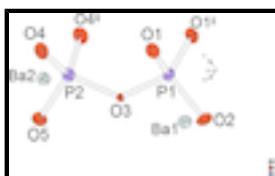


Fig. 2. A view of the asymmetric unit of  $\alpha$ -Ba<sub>2</sub>P<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub> with additional symmetry-related atoms displayed to show the tetrahedral environment around phosphorus. The Ba—O bonds were left out for clarity. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 50% probability level. [Symmetry codes: (ii)  $x$ ,  $-y + 1/2$ ,  $z$ ].

### Dibarium diphosphate

#### Crystal data

Ba<sub>2</sub>P<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub>

$F(000) = 792$

$M_r = 448.62$

$D_x = 4.146 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$

Orthorhombic, *Pnma*

Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation,  $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$

Hall symbol: -P 2ac 2n

Cell parameters from 3690 reflections

$a = 9.2842 (19) \text{ \AA}$

$\theta = 2.7\text{--}36.3^\circ$

$b = 5.6113 (11) \text{ \AA}$	$\mu = 11.32 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
$c = 13.796 (3) \text{ \AA}$	$T = 298 \text{ K}$
$V = 718.7 (3) \text{ \AA}^3$	Needle, colorless
$Z = 4$	$0.45 \times 0.15 \times 0.15 \text{ mm}$

*Data collection*

Rigaku AFC-8S Mercury CCD diffractometer	1854 independent reflections
Radiation source: sealed tube graphite	1510 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$ $R_{\text{int}} = 0.042$
Detector resolution: 14.6306 pixels $\text{mm}^{-1}$	$\theta_{\text{max}} = 36.3^\circ, \theta_{\text{min}} = 2.6^\circ$
$\omega$ scans	$h = -8 \rightarrow 15$
Absorption correction: multi-scan ( <i>REQAB</i> ; Jacobson, 1998)	$k = -7 \rightarrow 9$
$T_{\text{min}} = 0.080, T_{\text{max}} = 0.281$	$l = -21 \rightarrow 22$
7205 measured reflections	

*Refinement*

Refinement on $F^2$	0 restraints
Least-squares matrix: full	Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.047$	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
$wR(F^2) = 0.127$	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0617P)^2 + 4.9464P]$ where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
$S = 1.11$	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} = 0.001$
1854 reflections	$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 6.71 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
58 parameters	$\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -3.53 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

*Special details*

**Geometry.** All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement.** Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted  $R$ -factor  $wR$  and goodness of fit  $S$  are based on  $F^2$ , conventional  $R$ -factors  $R$  are based on  $F$ , with  $F$  set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating  $R$ -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement.  $R$ -factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on  $F$ , and  $R$ -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

*Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )*

	$x$	$y$	$z$	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
Ba1	0.86006 (5)	0.2500	0.41750 (3)	0.01365 (12)
Ba2	0.84160 (5)	0.2500	0.74453 (3)	0.01249 (12)

## supplementary materials

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P1	1.2179 (2)	0.2500	0.45777 (12)	0.0120 (3)
P2	1.4529 (2)	0.2500	0.31494 (13)	0.0120 (3)
O1	1.1427 (4)	0.0289 (8)	0.4204 (3)	0.0163 (8)
O2	1.2271 (6)	0.2500	0.5677 (4)	0.0164 (10)
O3	1.3792 (6)	0.2500	0.4196 (3)	0.0118 (9)*
O4	1.4045 (4)	0.0278 (7)	0.2617 (3)	0.0154 (7)
O5	1.6144 (7)	0.2500	0.3326 (4)	0.0230 (12)

### Atomic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
Ba1	0.0139 (2)	0.0148 (2)	0.0122 (2)	0.000	-0.00132 (12)	0.000
Ba2	0.01179 (19)	0.0128 (2)	0.01293 (18)	0.000	0.00048 (12)	0.000
P1	0.0126 (7)	0.0131 (8)	0.0103 (6)	0.000	0.0008 (5)	0.000
P2	0.0105 (7)	0.0119 (7)	0.0138 (7)	0.000	0.0002 (5)	0.000
O1	0.0170 (18)	0.0134 (19)	0.0187 (18)	-0.0009 (14)	0.0018 (12)	0.0001 (13)
O2	0.018 (2)	0.018 (3)	0.013 (2)	0.000	-0.0009 (17)	0.000
O4	0.0149 (17)	0.0108 (17)	0.0205 (15)	-0.0033 (13)	0.0000 (13)	-0.0010 (13)
O5	0.011 (2)	0.037 (3)	0.022 (2)	0.000	0.001 (2)	0.000

### Geometric parameters ( $\text{\AA}$ , $^\circ$ )

Ba1—O5 <sup>i</sup>	2.564 (6)	Ba2—O2 <sup>viii</sup>	2.800 (5)
Ba1—O1 <sup>ii</sup>	2.730 (4)	Ba2—O4 <sup>ix</sup>	2.836 (4)
Ba1—O1 <sup>iii</sup>	2.730 (4)	Ba2—O4 <sup>x</sup>	2.836 (4)
Ba1—O4 <sup>iv</sup>	2.799 (4)	Ba2—O5 <sup>xi</sup>	3.084 (3)
Ba1—O4 <sup>v</sup>	2.799 (4)	Ba2—O5 <sup>x</sup>	3.084 (3)
Ba1—O1 <sup>vi</sup>	2.903 (4)	P1—O1	1.514 (5)
Ba1—O1	2.903 (4)	P1—O1 <sup>vi</sup>	1.514 (5)
Ba1—O2 <sup>iii</sup>	2.9272 (18)	P1—O2	1.519 (6)
Ba1—O2 <sup>vii</sup>	2.9272 (18)	P1—O3	1.588 (6)
Ba1—P2 <sup>iv</sup>	3.320 (2)	P1—Ba1 <sup>vii</sup>	3.3700 (11)
Ba1—P1	3.369 (2)	P1—Ba1 <sup>iii</sup>	3.3700 (11)
Ba1—P1 <sup>vii</sup>	3.3700 (11)	P2—O4	1.515 (4)
Ba2—O1 <sup>iii</sup>	2.765 (4)	P2—O4 <sup>vi</sup>	1.515 (4)
Ba2—O1 <sup>ii</sup>	2.765 (4)	P2—O5	1.519 (6)
Ba2—O4 <sup>iii</sup>	2.767 (4)	P2—O3	1.598 (5)
Ba2—O4 <sup>ii</sup>	2.767 (4)		
O5 <sup>i</sup> —Ba1—O1 <sup>ii</sup>	111.47 (14)	O2 <sup>viii</sup> —Ba2—O4 <sup>x</sup>	103.79 (13)
O5 <sup>i</sup> —Ba1—O1 <sup>iii</sup>	111.47 (14)	O4 <sup>ix</sup> —Ba2—O4 <sup>x</sup>	66.70 (16)
O1 <sup>ii</sup> —Ba1—O1 <sup>iii</sup>	69.95 (18)	O1 <sup>iii</sup> —Ba2—O5 <sup>xi</sup>	146.29 (14)
O5 <sup>i</sup> —Ba1—O4 <sup>iv</sup>	74.19 (15)	O1 <sup>ii</sup> —Ba2—O5 <sup>xi</sup>	78.59 (14)
O1 <sup>ii</sup> —Ba1—O4 <sup>iv</sup>	168.60 (12)	O4 <sup>iii</sup> —Ba2—O5 <sup>xi</sup>	129.35 (14)
O1 <sup>iii</sup> —Ba1—O4 <sup>iv</sup>	118.01 (12)	O4 <sup>ii</sup> —Ba2—O5 <sup>xi</sup>	66.99 (14)

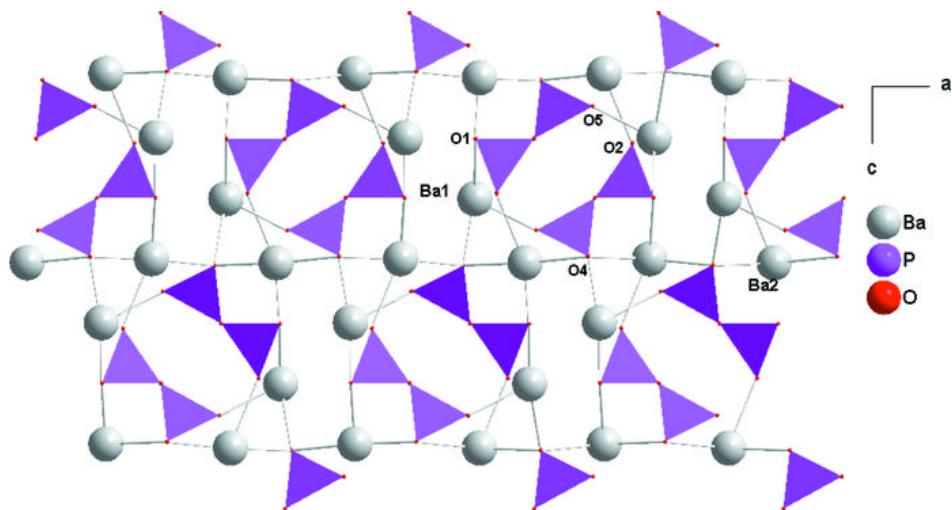
O5 <sup>i</sup> —Ba1—O4 <sup>v</sup>	74.19 (15)	O2 <sup>viii</sup> —Ba2—O5 <sup>xi</sup>	71.70 (11)
O1 <sup>ii</sup> —Ba1—O4 <sup>v</sup>	118.01 (13)	O4 <sup>ix</sup> —Ba2—O5 <sup>xi</sup>	49.98 (14)
O1 <sup>iii</sup> —Ba1—O4 <sup>v</sup>	168.60 (12)	O4 <sup>x</sup> —Ba2—O5 <sup>xi</sup>	110.92 (14)
O4 <sup>iv</sup> —Ba1—O4 <sup>v</sup>	52.90 (17)	O1 <sup>iii</sup> —Ba2—O5 <sup>x</sup>	78.59 (14)
O5 <sup>i</sup> —Ba1—O1 <sup>vi</sup>	144.13 (12)	O1 <sup>ii</sup> —Ba2—O5 <sup>x</sup>	146.29 (14)
O1 <sup>ii</sup> —Ba1—O1 <sup>vi</sup>	75.66 (12)	O4 <sup>iii</sup> —Ba2—O5 <sup>x</sup>	66.99 (14)
O1 <sup>iii</sup> —Ba1—O1 <sup>vi</sup>	104.02 (8)	O4 <sup>ii</sup> —Ba2—O5 <sup>x</sup>	129.35 (14)
O4 <sup>iv</sup> —Ba1—O1 <sup>vi</sup>	93.97 (11)	O2 <sup>viii</sup> —Ba2—O5 <sup>x</sup>	71.70 (11)
O4 <sup>v</sup> —Ba1—O1 <sup>vi</sup>	71.85 (11)	O4 <sup>ix</sup> —Ba2—O5 <sup>x</sup>	110.92 (14)
O5 <sup>i</sup> —Ba1—O1	144.13 (12)	O4 <sup>x</sup> —Ba2—O5 <sup>x</sup>	49.98 (14)
O1 <sup>ii</sup> —Ba1—O1	104.02 (8)	O5 <sup>xi</sup> —Ba2—O5 <sup>x</sup>	130.9 (2)
O1 <sup>iii</sup> —Ba1—O1	75.66 (12)	O1—P1—O1 <sup>vi</sup>	110.0 (3)
O4 <sup>iv</sup> —Ba1—O1	71.85 (11)	O1—P1—O2	111.48 (19)
O4 <sup>v</sup> —Ba1—O1	93.97 (11)	O1 <sup>vi</sup> —P1—O2	111.48 (19)
O1 <sup>vi</sup> —Ba1—O1	50.61 (18)	O1—P1—O3	108.79 (19)
O5 <sup>i</sup> —Ba1—O2 <sup>iii</sup>	77.64 (11)	O1 <sup>vi</sup> —P1—O3	108.79 (19)
O1 <sup>ii</sup> —Ba1—O2 <sup>iii</sup>	119.32 (14)	O2—P1—O3	106.1 (3)
O1 <sup>iii</sup> —Ba1—O2 <sup>iii</sup>	52.47 (14)	O4—P2—O4 <sup>vi</sup>	110.7 (3)
O4 <sup>iv</sup> —Ba1—O2 <sup>iii</sup>	71.07 (13)	O4—P2—O5	111.7 (2)
O4 <sup>v</sup> —Ba1—O2 <sup>iii</sup>	121.96 (13)	O4 <sup>vi</sup> —P2—O5	111.7 (2)
O1 <sup>vi</sup> —Ba1—O2 <sup>iii</sup>	131.20 (15)	O4—P2—O3	108.14 (19)
O1—Ba1—O2 <sup>iii</sup>	80.75 (14)	O4 <sup>vi</sup> —P2—O3	108.14 (19)
O5 <sup>i</sup> —Ba1—O2 <sup>vii</sup>	77.64 (11)	O5—P2—O3	106.1 (3)
O1 <sup>ii</sup> —Ba1—O2 <sup>vii</sup>	52.47 (14)	P1—O1—Ba1 <sup>iii</sup>	101.23 (18)
O1 <sup>iii</sup> —Ba1—O2 <sup>vii</sup>	119.32 (14)	P1—O1—Ba2 <sup>iii</sup>	136.0 (2)
O4 <sup>iv</sup> —Ba1—O2 <sup>vii</sup>	121.96 (13)	Ba1 <sup>iii</sup> —O1—Ba2 <sup>iii</sup>	110.49 (16)
O4 <sup>v</sup> —Ba1—O2 <sup>vii</sup>	71.07 (13)	P1—O1—Ba1	94.1 (2)
O1 <sup>vi</sup> —Ba1—O2 <sup>vii</sup>	80.75 (14)	Ba1 <sup>iii</sup> —O1—Ba1	104.34 (12)
O1—Ba1—O2 <sup>vii</sup>	131.20 (15)	Ba2 <sup>iii</sup> —O1—Ba1	106.17 (13)
O2 <sup>iii</sup> —Ba1—O2 <sup>vii</sup>	146.9 (2)	P1—O2—Ba2 <sup>xii</sup>	160.9 (4)
O1 <sup>iii</sup> —Ba2—O1 <sup>ii</sup>	68.95 (18)	P1—O2—Ba1 <sup>iii</sup>	93.11 (12)
O1 <sup>iii</sup> —Ba2—O4 <sup>iii</sup>	72.50 (12)	Ba2 <sup>xii</sup> —O2—Ba1 <sup>iii</sup>	92.31 (11)
O1 <sup>ii</sup> —Ba2—O4 <sup>iii</sup>	109.70 (12)	P1—O2—Ba1 <sup>vii</sup>	93.11 (12)
O1 <sup>iii</sup> —Ba2—O4 <sup>ii</sup>	109.70 (12)	Ba2 <sup>xii</sup> —O2—Ba1 <sup>vii</sup>	92.31 (11)
O1 <sup>ii</sup> —Ba2—O4 <sup>ii</sup>	72.50 (12)	Ba1 <sup>iii</sup> —O2—Ba1 <sup>vii</sup>	146.9 (2)
O4 <sup>iii</sup> —Ba2—O4 <sup>ii</sup>	68.58 (18)	P1—O3—P2	134.7 (4)
O1 <sup>iii</sup> —Ba2—O2 <sup>viii</sup>	141.37 (10)	P2—O4—Ba2 <sup>iii</sup>	136.3 (2)
O1 <sup>ii</sup> —Ba2—O2 <sup>viii</sup>	141.37 (10)	P2—O4—Ba1 <sup>xiii</sup>	96.06 (19)
O4 <sup>iii</sup> —Ba2—O2 <sup>viii</sup>	73.45 (13)	Ba2 <sup>iii</sup> —O4—Ba1 <sup>xiii</sup>	95.85 (12)
O4 <sup>ii</sup> —Ba2—O2 <sup>viii</sup>	73.45 (13)	P2—O4—Ba2 <sup>xiv</sup>	104.2 (2)
O1 <sup>iii</sup> —Ba2—O4 <sup>ix</sup>	109.63 (12)	Ba2 <sup>iii</sup> —O4—Ba2 <sup>xiv</sup>	111.96 (14)

## supplementary materials

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O1 <sup>ii</sup> —Ba2—O4 <sup>ix</sup>	73.36 (12)	Ba1 <sup>xiii</sup> —O4—Ba2 <sup>xiv</sup>	107.08 (13)
O4 <sup>iii</sup> —Ba2—O4 <sup>ix</sup>	176.88 (2)	P2—O5—Ba1 <sup>xv</sup>	162.0 (4)
O4 <sup>ii</sup> —Ba2—O4 <sup>ix</sup>	112.28 (14)	P2—O5—Ba2 <sup>xiv</sup>	93.88 (15)
O2 <sup>viii</sup> —Ba2—O4 <sup>ix</sup>	103.79 (13)	Ba1 <sup>xv</sup> —O5—Ba2 <sup>xiv</sup>	93.56 (13)
O1 <sup>iii</sup> —Ba2—O4 <sup>x</sup>	73.36 (12)	P2—O5—Ba2 <sup>xvi</sup>	93.88 (15)
O1 <sup>ii</sup> —Ba2—O4 <sup>x</sup>	109.63 (12)	Ba1 <sup>xv</sup> —O5—Ba2 <sup>xvi</sup>	93.56 (13)
O4 <sup>iii</sup> —Ba2—O4 <sup>x</sup>	112.28 (14)	Ba2 <sup>xiv</sup> —O5—Ba2 <sup>xvi</sup>	130.9 (2)
O4 <sup>ii</sup> —Ba2—O4 <sup>x</sup>	176.88 (2)		
Symmetry codes: (i) $x-1, y, z$ ; (ii) $-x+2, y+1/2, -z+1$ ; (iii) $-x+2, -y, -z+1$ ; (iv) $x-1/2, y, -z+1/2$ ; (v) $x-1/2, -y+1/2, -z+1/2$ ; (vi) $x, -y+1/2, z$ ; (vii) $-x+2, -y+1, -z+1$ ; (viii) $x-1/2, y, -z+3/2$ ; (ix) $-x+5/2, y+1/2, z+1/2$ ; (x) $-x+5/2, -y, z+1/2$ ; (xi) $-x+5/2, -y+1, z+1/2$ ; (xii) $x+1/2, y, -z+3/2$ ; (xiii) $x+1/2, y, -z+1/2$ ; (xiv) $-x+5/2, -y, z-1/2$ ; (xv) $x+1, y, z$ ; (xvi) $-x+5/2, -y+1, z-1/2$ .			

Fig. 1



## supplementary materials

Fig. 2

